

**Compromise text agreed by the Coreper and the rapporteur  
to be tabled as amendments co-signed by political groups**

**REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL**

**concerning the rights of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility when travelling  
by air**

(text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,  
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 80(2)  
thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission <sup>1</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee <sup>2</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions <sup>3</sup>,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty <sup>4</sup>,

Whereas:

- (1) The single market for air services should benefit citizens in general. Consequently disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, whether caused by disability, age or any another factor, should have opportunities for air travel comparable to those of other citizens. Disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility have the same right as all other citizens to free movement, freedom of choice and to non-discrimination. This applies to air travel as to other areas of life.

---

<sup>1</sup> OJ C XX, XX, p. XX.

<sup>2</sup> OJ C XX, XX, p. XX.

<sup>3</sup> OJ C XX, XX, p. XX.

<sup>4</sup> OJ C XX, XX, p. XX.

- (2) Disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility should therefore be accepted for carriage and not refused transport on the grounds of their disability or lack of mobility, except for justified safety reasons prescribed by law. Before accepting bookings from disabled persons or persons with reduced mobility, air carriers, their agents and tour operators should make all reasonable efforts to verify whether there is a justified safety reason which would prevent such persons being accommodated on the flights concerned.
- (3) This Regulation should not affect other rights of passengers established by Community legislation and notably by Council Directive (EC) 90/314/EEC on package travel, package holidays and package tours <sup>5</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 261/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing common rules on compensation and assistance to air passengers in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights <sup>6</sup>. In case the same event would give rise to the same right of reimbursement or of rebooking under one of those legislative acts as well as under this Regulation, the person concerned should be entitled to exercise such right only once at his/her discretion.
- (4) In order to give disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility opportunities for air travel comparable to those of other citizens, assistance to meet their particular needs at airports should be provided by employing the necessary staff and equipment, and on-board aircraft. In the interests of social inclusion, the persons concerned should receive this assistance without additional charge.
- (5) Assistance given at airports situated in the territory of a Member State to which the Treaty applies should, among other things, enable disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility to proceed from a designated point of arrival at an airport to an aircraft and from the aircraft to a designated point of departure from the airport, including embarking and disembarking. These points should at least be designated at the main entries to terminal buildings, in areas with check-in counters, in train, light rail, metro and bus stations, at taxi ranks and other drop-off points, and in airport car parks. The assistance should be organised so as to avoid interruption and delay, while ensuring high and equivalent standards throughout the Community and making best use of resources, whatever airport or air carrier is involved.

---

<sup>5</sup> OJ L 158, 23.6.1990, p.59.

<sup>6</sup> OJ L 46, 17.2.2004, p.1.

- (6) To achieve these aims, ensuring high quality assistance at airports should be the responsibility of a central body. As managing bodies of airports play a central role in providing services throughout their airports, they should be given this overall responsibility.
- (6a) Managing bodies of airports may provide the assistance to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility themselves. Alternatively, in view of the positive role played in the past by certain operators and air carriers, the managing bodies may contract with third parties for the supply of this assistance, without prejudice to the application of relevant rules of Community law, including those on public procurement.
- (7) Assistance should be financed in such a way as to spread the burden equitably over all passengers using an airport and to avoid disincentives to the carriage of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility. A charge levied on each airline using an airport, proportionate to the number of passengers it carries to or from the airport appears to be the most effective way of funding.
- (7a) With a view to ensuring, in particular, that the charges levied on an air carrier are commensurate with the assistance provided to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, and that these charges do not serve to finance activities of the managing body other than those in relation to the provision of such assistance, the charges should be adopted and applied in full transparency. Council Directive 96/67, and in particular the provisions on separation of accounts, should therefore apply where it is not in conflict with this Regulation.
- (8) To give disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility effective opportunities for air travel, air carriers should be required to provide certain forms of assistance on board aircraft.
- (8a1) In organizing provision of assistance to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, and the training of their personnel, airports and airlines should have regard to the Code of Good Conduct in Ground Handling for Persons of Reduced Mobility, as set out in ECAC Doc 30, Part I, Section 5 and its associated annexes.
- (8a2) In deciding the design of new airports and terminals, and as part of major refurbishments, managing bodies of airports should, where possible, take into account the needs of disabled

persons and persons with reduced mobility. Similarly, air carriers should, where possible, take such needs into account when deciding the design of new and newly refurbished aircraft.

- (8a3) Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data<sup>7</sup> should be strictly enforced in order to guarantee respect for the privacy of persons with disabilities and persons with reduced mobility, and ensure that the information requested serves merely to fulfil the assistance obligations laid down in this Regulation and is not used against the passengers seeking the service in question.
- (8b1) All essential information provided to air passengers should be provided in alternative formats accessible to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, and should at least be in the same languages as those made available to other passengers.
- (8b2) Where wheelchairs, other mobility equipment or assistive devices are lost or damaged during handling at the airport or during transport on-board aircraft, the passenger to whom the equipment belongs should be compensated, in accordance with rules of international, Community and national law.
- (8c) A disabled person or person with reduced mobility who considers that this Regulation has been infringed upon should bring the matter to the attention of the managing body of the airport or to the attention of the air carrier concerned, as the case may be. If the disabled person or person with reduced mobility can not obtain satisfaction in such way, he/she may make a complaint to the body or bodies designated by the relevant Member State to that effect.
- (8d) Complaints concerning assistance at an airport should be addressed to the national body or bodies designated by the Member State where the airport is located. Complaints concerning assistance by an air carrier should be addressed to the national body or bodies designated by the Member State which has issued the license to the air carrier.
- (9) Since the objectives of the action to be taken, to ensure high and equivalent levels of protection and assistance throughout the Member States and to ensure that economic agents

operate under harmonised conditions in a single market, cannot sufficiently be achieved by the Member States and can therefore, by reason of the scale or the effects of the action, be better achieved at Community level, the Community may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

- (10) Member States should lay down sanctions applicable to infringements of this Regulation and ensure that these sanctions are applied. The sanctions, which could include the payment of compensation to the person concerned, should be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.
- (11) Member States should supervise and ensure compliance with this Regulation and designate an appropriate body to carry out enforcement tasks. This supervision should not affect the rights of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility to seek legal redress from courts under national law.
- (12) This Regulation respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union
- (13) Arrangements for greater cooperation over the use of Gibraltar airport were agreed in London on 2 December 1987 by the Kingdom of Spain and the United Kingdom in a joint declaration by the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the two countries. Such arrangements have yet to enter into operation,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

---

<sup>7</sup> OJ L 281, 23.11.1995, p. 31.

## Article 1

### Purpose and scope

1. This Regulation establishes rules for the protection of and assistance to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility travelling by air, both to protect them against discrimination and to ensure they receive assistance.
2. The provisions of this Regulation shall apply to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, using or having the intention to use commercial passenger air services, at the departure from, at the transit through, or at the arrival at an airport, when the airport is located in the territory of a Member State to which the Treaty applies.
3. Moreover, Articles 3, 4 and 8 shall also apply to passengers departing from an airport located in a third country to an airport situated in the territory of a Member State to which the Treaty applies, if the operating carrier is a Community carrier.
4. This Regulation shall not affect the rights of passengers established by Council Directive 90/314/EEC on package travel, package holidays and package tours and under Regulation (EC) No 261/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing common rules on compensation and assistance to air passengers in the event of denied boarding and of cancellation or long delay of flights.
5. In so far the provisions of this Regulation would conflict with the provisions of Council Directive 96/67/EC of 15 October 1996 on access to the ground-handling market at Community airports, this Regulation shall apply.
6. The application of this Regulation to the airport of Gibraltar is understood to be without prejudice to the respective legal positions of the Kingdom of Spain and the United Kingdom with regard to the dispute over sovereignty over the territory in which the airport is situated.
7. Application of this Regulation to Gibraltar airport shall be suspended until the arrangements included in the Joint Declaration made by the Foreign Ministers of the Kingdom of Spain and the United Kingdom on 2 December 1987 enter into operation. The Governments of Spain and the United Kingdom will inform the Council of such date of entry into operation.

Article 2  
Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) "disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility" means any person whose mobility is reduced when using transport due to any physical disability (sensory or locomotory, permanent or temporary), intellectual disability or impairment, or any other cause of disability, or age, and whose situation needs appropriate attention and the adaptation to a person's needs of the service made available to all passengers;
- (b) "air carrier" means an air transport undertaking with a valid operating licence;
- (c) "operating air carrier" means an air carrier that performs or intends to perform a flight under a contract with a passenger or on behalf of another person, legal or natural, having a contract with that passenger;
- (d) "Community air carrier" means an air carrier with a valid operating licence granted by a Member State in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 2407/92 of 23 July 1992 of licensing of air carriers <sup>8</sup>;
- (e) "tour operator" means, with the exception of an air carrier, an organiser or retailer within the meaning of Article 2, points 2 and 3, of Council Directive 90/314/EEC of 13 June 1990 on package travel, package holidays and package tours;
- (f) "managing body of the airport" or "managing body" means a body which notably has as its objective under national legislation the administration and management of the airport infrastructures, and the coordination and control of the activities of the different operators present in the airport or airport system concerned;
- (g) "airport user" means any natural or legal person responsible for the carriage of passengers by air from or to the airport in question;

- (h) "Airport Users Committee" means a committee of representatives of airport users or organisations representing them;
- (i) "reservation" means the fact that the passenger has a ticket, or other proof, which indicates that the reservation has been accepted and registered by the air carrier or tour operator.
- (ia) "airport" means any area of land especially adapted for the landing, taking-off and manoeuvres of aircraft, including ancillary installations which these operations may involve for the requirements of aircraft traffic and services including installations needed to assist commercial air services;
- (j) "airport car park" means a car park, within the airport boundaries or under the direct control of the managing body of an airport, which directly serves the passengers using that airport;
- (k) "commercial passenger air service" means a service of transportation of passengers by air operated by an air carrier through a scheduled or non scheduled flight held out to the general public for valuable consideration, whether on its own or as part of a package.

### Article 3

#### Prevention of refusal of carriage

An air carrier or its agent or a tour operator shall not refuse, on the grounds of disability or of reduced mobility,

- to accept a reservation for a flight departing from or arriving at an airport to which this Regulation applies;
- to embark a disabled person or a person with reduced mobility at such an airport, providing the person concerned has a valid ticket and reservation.

### Article 4

#### Derogations, special conditions and information

---

<sup>8</sup> OJ L 240, 24.8.1992.

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3, an air carrier or its agent or a tour operator may only refuse, on the grounds of disability or of reduced mobility, to accept a reservation from or to embark a disabled person or a person with reduced mobility
  - (a) in order to meet applicable safety requirements established by international, Community or national law or in order to meet safety requirements established by the authority that issued the air operator's certificate to the air carrier concerned;
  - (b) if the size of the aircraft or its doors makes the embarkation or carriage of that disabled person or person with reduced mobility physically impossible.

In the event of refusal to accept a reservation on the grounds mentioned under a) or b), the air carrier, its agent or the tour operator shall make reasonable efforts to propose an acceptable alternative to the person in question.

A disabled person or a person with reduced mobility who has been refused to embark on the ground of his/her disability or reduced mobility and the person which accompanies this person in application of Article 4(2), shall be offered the right to reimbursement or re-routing as provided in Article 8 of Regulation 261/2004. The right to the option of a return flight or re-routing shall be conditional upon all safety requirements being met.

2. Under the same conditions as referred to in paragraph 1(a), the air carrier, its agent or a tour operator may request that a disabled person or person with reduced mobility must be accompanied by another person who is capable of providing the assistance required by that disabled person or person with reduced mobility.
3. An air carrier or its agent shall make publicly available, in accessible formats and at least in the same languages made available to other passengers, the safety rules that it applies to the carriage of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, as well as any restrictions on their carriage or on that of mobility equipment due to the size of aircraft. A tour operator shall make such safety rules and restrictions available for flights included in package travel, package holidays and package tours, which it organises, sells or offers for sale.
4. When an air carrier, or its agent or a tour operator exercises a derogation under paragraphs 1 or 2, it shall immediately inform the disabled person or person with reduced mobility of the reasons thereof. On request, the air carrier, its agent or the tour operator shall communicate

these reasons in writing to the disabled person or person with reduced mobility, within five working days of the request.

Article 4a (former Article 6.4)

Designation of points of arrival and departure

In cooperation with airport users, through the Airport Users Committee where one exists, and relevant organisations representing disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility, the managing body of an airport shall, taking account of local conditions, designate points of arrival and departure within the airport boundary or at a point under the direct control of the managing body, both inside and outside terminal buildings, at which disabled persons or persons with reduced mobility can, with facility, announce their arrival at the airport and request assistance. These points of arrival and departure, which have been designated by the managing body of the airport as intended for people with reduced mobility and are labelled as such, shall have basic information about the airport available in accessible formats.

Article 4b (former Article 9)

Transmission of information

1. Air carriers, their agents and tour operators shall take all measures necessary for the reception, at all their points of sale on the territory of a Member State to which the Treaty applies, including sale by telephone and via the Internet, of notifications of the need for assistance by disabled persons or persons with reduced mobility.
2. When an air carrier, its agent or a tour operator receives a notification of the need for assistance within the delay provided in Article 5(1), it shall transmit the information concerned at least 36 hours before the published departure time for the flight:
  - to the managing bodies of the airports of departure, of arrival and of transit, and
  - to the operating carrier of a flight, if a reservation was not made with that carrier, unless the identity of the operating carrier is not known at the time of notification, in which case the information shall be transmitted as soon as practicable.

In all other cases, the air carrier or tour operator shall transmit the information as soon as possible.

3. As soon as possible after the departure of the flight, an operating air carrier shall inform the managing body of the airport of destination, if situated on the territory of a Member State to which the Treaty applies, of the number of disabled persons or persons with reduced mobility on that flight requiring assistance specified in Annex I and of the nature of that assistance.

## Article 5

### Right to assistance at airports

1. When a disabled person or person with reduced mobility arrives at an airport for onwards travel by air, the managing body of the airport shall be responsible for ensuring the provision of the assistance specified in Annex I, in such a way that the person is able to take the flight on which he or she holds a reservation, provided the notification of the person's particular needs for such assistance is made to the air carrier, its agent or the tour operator concerned 48 hours before the published time of departure of the flight. This notification shall also cover the return flight, if the outward flight and the return flight have been contracted with the same air carrier.
  - 1a. Where use of a recognised assistance dog is required, this shall be accommodated provided that notification of the same is made to the air carrier, its agent or tour operator in accordance with applicable national rules covering the carriage of assistance dogs on board aircraft, where such exist.
2. If no notification was made in accordance with paragraph 1, the managing body shall make all reasonable efforts to provide the assistance specified in Annex I in such a way that the person concerned is able to take the flight on which he or she holds a reservation.
3. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall apply on condition that:
  - a) the person presents him or her self at check-in:
    - at the time stipulated in advance and in writing (including by electronic means) by the air carrier or the tour operator, or

- if no time is stipulated, not later than one hour before the published departure time, or
  - b) the person arrives at a point within the airport boundary designated in accordance with Article 4a:
    - at the time stipulated in advance and in writing (including by electronic means) by the air carrier or the tour operator, or
    - if no time is stipulated, not later than two hours before the published departure time.
4. When a disabled person or person with reduced mobility transits through an airport to which this Regulation applies, or is transferred by an air carrier or a tour operator from the flight for which he or she holds a reservation to another flight, the managing body shall be responsible for ensuring the provision of assistance specified in Annex I, in such a way that the person is able to take the flight on which he or she holds a reservation.
5. On the arrival by air of a disabled person or person with reduced mobility at an airport to which this Regulation applies, the managing body of the airport shall provide the assistance specified in Annex I, in such a way that the person is able to reach his or her point of departure from the airport as referred to in Article 4a.
- 5a. The assistance provided shall, as far as possible, be appropriate to the specific needs of the individual passenger.

#### Article 6

##### Responsibility for assistance at airports

1. The managing body of an airport shall be responsible for ensuring the provision of the assistance specified in Annex I without additional charge to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility.
- 1a. The managing body may provide such assistance itself. Alternatively, in keeping with its responsibility, and subject always to compliance with the quality standards mentioned in Article 7(1), the managing body may contract with one or more other parties for the supply of the assistance. In cooperation with the airport users, through the Airport Users Committee

where one exists, the managing body may enter into such a contract or contracts on its own initiative or on request, including from an air carrier, and taking into account the existing services at the airport concerned. In case of refusal of such a request, the managing body shall provide a written justification.

2. The managing body of an airport may on a non discriminatory basis levy a specific charge on the air carriers using the airport for the purpose of funding this assistance.
3. This specific charge shall be reasonable, cost related, transparent and established by the managing body of the airport in cooperation with airport users, through the Airport Users Committee where one exists or any other appropriate entity. It shall be shared among the air carriers using the airport in proportion to the total number of all passengers that each carries to and from that airport.
4. The managing body of an airport shall separate the accounts of their activities in relation to the assistance to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility from the accounts of their other activities, in accordance with current commercial practice.
5. The managing body of an airport shall make available to airport users, through the Airport Users Committee where one exists or any other appropriate entity, as well as to the enforcement body or bodies referred to in Article 11, an audited annual overview of charges received and expenses made in respect of the assistance for disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility.

#### Article 7

##### Quality standards for assistance

1. With the exception of airports whose annual traffic is fewer than 150.000 commercial passenger movements, the managing body shall set quality standards for the assistance specified in Annex I and determine resource requirements for meeting them, in cooperation with airport users, through the Airport Users Committee where one exists, and relevant organisations representing disabled passengers and passengers with reduced mobility. In the setting of such standards, full account shall be taken of internationally recognised policies and codes of conduct concerning the facilitation of the transport of disabled persons or persons

with reduced mobility, notably the Code of Good conduct in Ground Handling for Persons with reduced mobility as set out ECAC doc. 30 Part I, section 5 and its associated annexes. The managing body of an airport shall publish its quality standards.

2. An air carrier and the managing body of an airport may agree that, for the passengers that the air carrier transports to and from the airport, the managing body shall provide assistance of a higher standard than those set in the standards mentioned in paragraph 1 or provide services additional to those specified in Annex I. For the purpose of funding either of these, the managing body shall levy a charge on the air carrier additional to that mentioned in Article 6, paragraph 2, which shall be transparent, cost related and established after consultation of the air carrier concerned.

#### Article 8

##### Assistance by air carriers

An air carrier shall provide the assistance specified in Annex II without additional charge to a disabled person or person with reduced mobility departing from, arriving at or transiting through an airport to which this Regulation applies, provided the person fulfils the conditions set out in Article 5, paragraphs 1, 1a and 2.

#### Article 9

(replaced as Article 4b)

#### Article 9a (new)

##### Training

Air carriers and airport managing bodies shall

- ensure that all their personnel including those employed by a sub-contractor, providing direct assistance to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility shall have knowledge of how to meet the needs of persons with different disabilities or mobility impairments;
- provide disability equality and disability awareness training to all their personnel working at the airport who deal directly with the travelling public;

- ensure that upon recruitment all new employees receive disability related training and that personnel receive refresher training sessions when appropriate.

#### Article 9b

#### Compensation for lost or damaged wheelchairs, other mobility equipment and assistive devices

Where wheelchairs, other mobility equipment or assistive devices are lost or damaged during handling at the airport or during transport on-board aircraft, the passenger to whom the equipment belongs shall be compensated, in accordance with rules of international, Community and national law.

#### Article 10

#### Exclusion of waiver

Obligations towards disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility pursuant to this Regulation shall not be limited or waived.

#### Article 11

#### Enforcement

1. Each Member State shall designate a body or bodies responsible for the enforcement of this Regulation as regards flights departing from or arriving at airports situated on its territory. Where appropriate, this body shall take the measures necessary to ensure that the rights of disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility are respected, including compliance with the quality standards mentioned in Article 7(1). The Member States shall inform the Commission of the body that has been designated.
  - 1a. Member States shall, where appropriate, provide that the enforcement body or bodies designated under paragraph 1 shall also ensure the satisfactory implementation of Article 6, including as regards the provisions on charges with a view to avoiding unfair competition. They may also designate a specific body to that effect.

2. Complaints may be made to the body or bodies designated under paragraph 1, or to any other competent body designated by a Member State, about an alleged infringement of this Regulation.
3. A body in one Member State who receives a complaint that falls under the responsibility of a designated body of another Member State shall forward the complaint to the body of that other Member State.
4. The Member States shall take measures to inform disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility of their rights under this Regulation and of the possibility of complaint to this designated body or bodies.

#### Article 12

##### Penalties

The Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. The Member States shall notify those provisions to the Commission and shall notify it without delay of any subsequent amendment affecting them.

#### Article 13

##### Report

The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and the Council by 1 January 2010 at the latest on the operation and the results of this Regulation. The report shall be accompanied where necessary by legislative proposals implementing in further detail the provisions of this Regulation, or revising it.

#### Article 14

##### Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on ... [20 days following the date of publication in the

Official Journal]. It shall apply with effect from ... [two years following the date of publication in the Official Journal], except Articles 3 and 4, which shall apply with effect from ... [one year following the date of publication in the Official Journal].

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

## ANNEX I

### Assistance under the responsibility of the managing bodies of airports:

Assistance and arrangements necessary to enable disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility to:

- communicate their arrival at an airport and their request for assistance at the designated points inside and outside terminal buildings mentioned in Article 4a;
- move from a designated point to the check-in counter;
- check-in and register baggage;
- proceed from the check-in counter to the aircraft, with completion of emigration, customs and security procedures;
- board the aircraft, with the provision of lifts, wheelchairs or other assistance needed, as appropriate;
- proceed from the aircraft door to their seats;
- store and retrieve hand baggage on the aircraft;
- proceed from their seats to the aircraft door;
- disembark from the aircraft, with the provision of lifts, wheelchairs or other assistance needed, as appropriate;
- proceed from the aircraft to the baggage hall and retrieve baggage, with completion of immigration and customs procedures;
- proceed from the baggage hall to a designated point;
- reach connecting flights when in transit, with assistance on the air and land sides and within and between terminals as needed;
- move to the toilet facilities if required;
- where a disabled person or person with reduced mobility is assisted by an accompanying person, this person must, if requested, be allowed to provide the necessary assistance in the

airport and with embarking and disembarking.

Ground handling of all necessary mobility equipment, including equipment such as electric wheelchairs (subject to advance warning of 48 hours and to possible limitations of space on board the aircraft, and subject to application of relevant legislation concerning dangerous goods).

Temporary replacement of damaged or lost mobility equipment, recognising that this may not be on a like-for-like basis.

Ground handling of recognised assistance dogs, when relevant.

Communication of information needed to take flights in accessible formats.

## **ANNEX II**

### **Assistance by air carriers:**

Carriage of recognised assistance dogs in the cabin, subject to national regulations.

In addition to medical equipment, transport of up to two pieces of mobility equipment per disabled person or person with reduced mobility, including electric wheelchairs (subject to advance warning of 48 hours and to possible limitations of space on board an aircraft, and subject to the application of relevant legislation concerning dangerous goods).

Communication of essential information concerning a flight in accessible formats.

Make all reasonable efforts to arrange seating to meet the needs of individual people with disability or reduced mobility on request and subject to safety requirements and availability.

Assist in moving to toilet facilities if required.

In case a disabled person or person with reduced mobility is assisted by an accompanying person, the air carrier will make all reasonable efforts to give such person a seat next to the disabled person or person with reduced mobility.